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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/852,611	05/09/2001	Jerold Shan	HP-10007924	4891
	7590 03/31/2005		EXAM	INER
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			REAGAN, JAMES A	
Intellectual Property Administration			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			3621	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/852,611	SHAN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	James A. Reagan	3621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Etancisions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is apecified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutur Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned petent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS ff b. cause the application to become ABANDC	a timely filed days will be considered timely. com the mailing date of this communication. NNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 L	December 2004.				
	s action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
closed in accordance with the practice under					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	·				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
Application Papers		,			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		he Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	in priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	, p	,			
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority document		cation No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bure		-			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
	•				
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sum	mary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/M	ail Date			
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	8) 5) ☐ Notice of Inform 6) ☐ Other:	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

- This action is in response to the amendment filed on 28 December 2004.
- Claim 1 has been amended.
- Claims 1-18 have been examined.

RESPONSE TO ARGUMENTS

4. Applicant's arguments received on have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Referring to the previous Office action, Examiner has cited relevant portions of the references as a means to illustrate the systems as taught by the prior art. As a means of providing further clarification as to what is taught by the references used in the first Office action, Examiner has expanded the teachings for comprehensibility while maintaining the same grounds of rejection of the claims, except as noted above in the section labeled "Status of Claims." This information is intended to assist in illuminating the teachings of the references while providing evidence that establishes further support for the rejections of the claims.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. However, in an effort to elucidate the applicability of the selected prior art, the Examiner has provided a riposte to the Applicant's arguments. Essentially, the applicant argues that the Cortes reference does not disclose the features as presented in the rejections below because Cortes is not directed to online shopping. However, Cortes is directed to electronic transactions. Although is may appear that Cortes in non-analogous art, such is not the case. It has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See In

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re Oetiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Cortes discloses the same techniques as is claimed by the applicant while trying to model consumer behavior. The product in this case is irrelevant. In addition, the inclusion of the Scroggie reference makes up for any lack of support for an online shopping environment that may be underprovided within Cortes.

With regard to claims 6-8 and 15-17, the common knowledge declared to be well-known in the art is hereby taken to be admitted prior art because the Applicant either failed to traverse the Examiner's assertion of Official Notice or failed to traverse the Examiner's assertion of Official Notice adequately.

To adequately traverse the examiner's assertion of Official Notice, the Applicant must specifically point out the supposed errors in the Examiner's action, which would include stating why the noticed fact is not considered to be common knowledge or well-known in the art. A general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without any reference to the Examiner's assertion of Official Notice would be inadequate. Support for the Applicant's assertion of should be included.

With regard to the applicant's assertions regarding the Examiner's use of the Applicant's own admissions in the previous rejection, the Examiner hereby withdraws said rejections based in part upon said admissions in lieu of the new rejection as shown below. Consequently, this action is NON-FINAL.

Claim Objections

5. Claims 5 and 14 are objected to because of the following informalities: Question mark (?) characters appear to have been inadvertently inserted into the equations in lieu of parenthesis. At this time the Examiner will not reject the claims based upon this typographical error. Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cortes et al. (US 6,480,844 B1) in view of Scroggie et al. (US 5,970,469 A).

Examiner's Note: The Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior art of record within the body of this action for the convenience of the Applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply. Applicant, in preparing the response, should consider fully the entire reference as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

Claims 1 and 10:

Cortes discloses the following limitations:

- storing customer profile information corresponding to a plurality of on-line shoppers;
- storing customer log information corresponding to the plurality of on-line shoopers:

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> storing product information corresponding to a plurality of products offered for sale by the on-line vendor;

storing promotion attributes corresponding to the plurality of products;

 constructing a model which simulates shopping behavior as a function of the customer profile information, customer log information, product information, and promotion attributes;

 generating a percentage chance that the customer purchases a particular item based on the model;

displaying the percentage chance;

Cortes does not specifically disclose that the database files are specifically for online shoppers, that their habits are logged, or that the database contains product information and incentives. Scroggie, however, in at least the abstract as well as other relevant text discloses these limitations. It would have been obvious, therefore, to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the data mining principles and regression analysis techniques of Cortes Scroggie's data concerning online shopping because the results would provide a model for predicting online shopping behavior, thereby maximizing profits.

Claims 2 and 11:

With regard to the limitations of identifying relevant variables and selecting a plurality of relevant variables in constructing the model, these steps are inherent to constructing a logical and reasonable regression model.

Claims 3 and 12:

With regard to the limitation of estimating a parameter for use in constructing the model, see at least column 2. lines 66-67.

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Claims 4 and 13:

With regard to the limitation of the model comprises a logistic regression model, see at least column 7. line 47.

Claims 5 and 14:

With regard to the limitation of: the logistic regression model comprises:

1 + exp (B' X)'

See at least column 7, line 67.

Claims 6 and 15:

The combination of Cortes/Applicant discloses the use of regression analysis techniques as applied to online consumer purchasing as shown in the rejections above. Cortes/Applicant do not specifically disclose that the model is partially based on traditional logistical regression theory and partially on the maximum utility theory. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that these variations of logical regression analysis are old and well-known in the statistical analysis arts as well as the survey and marketing arts. It would have been obvious, therefore, to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the data mining principles and regression analysis techniques of Cortes with the established use of traditional logistical regression analysis and maximum expected utility models theory analysis because they provide insight to customer spending habits that may be extrapolated and used to maximize profits and product throughput.

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Claims 7, 8, 16, and 17:

The combination of Cortes/Applicant discloses the use of regression analysis techniques as applied to online consumer purchasing as shown in the rejections above. Cortes/Applicant do not specifically disclose:

- customer profile information includes age, sex, religion, income, ethnicity, marital status, geographical location, number of children, interests, hobbies, spending habits, and zip code.
- the customer log information includes contains data regarding when the customer accessed the web site, how long the customer visited the web site, which items were of interest, how the customer heard about the web site, whether the customer saw the promotion, whether the customer was motivated to taking action as a result of the promotion, whether the customer inspected an item, whether the customer put the item back, whether the customer bought an item, and the quantity of items purchased.

However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that these attributes and parameters are old and well-known in the demographic utilization arts as well as the survey and marketing arts. It would have been obvious, therefore, to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the data mining principles and regression analysis techniques of Cortes with the established use of demographics and online activities of consumers because they provide insight to customer spending habits that may be extrapolated and used to maximize profits and product throughput.

Claims 9 and 18:

Cortes discloses the use of regression analysis techniques as applied to online consumer purchasing as shown in the rejections above. Cortes does not specifically disclose that the promotion attributes include one of sales, upgrades, extended warranties, buy-one-get-one free,

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financing packages, free options, rebates, coupons, donations to charities, and free gifts. However, Applicant, in the background of the specification discloses the features as already prevalent in the art. It would have been obvious, therefore, to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the data mining principles and regression analysis techniques of Cortes with the Applicant's incentives for online shoppers because the results would provide increased purchasing thereby maximizing profits.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **James A. Reagan** whose telephone number is **(703) 306-9131**. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammell can be reached at (703) 305-9768.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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(703) 305-7687 [Official communications; including

After Final communications labeled "Box AF"]

(703) 308-1396 [Informal/Draft communications, labeled "PROPOSED"

or "DRAFT"]

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 7th floor receptionist.

JAR

29 March 2005